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## Airlanggins A-B, two new isoprenylated benzofuran-3-ones from the stem bark of *Calophyllum soulattri*

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#### **ABSTRACT**

Two new isoprenylated benzofuran 3-ones, airlanggin A (1) and B (2) along with two 10 wn xanthones, ananixanthone (3) and trapezifolixanth 14: (4) were isolated from the stem bark of Calophyllum soulattri. Structures of all the compounds were elucidated using extensive spectroscopic methods, including UV, IR, HRESIMS, 1D and 2D NMR. Compounds 1–4 w 44 evaluated for their cytotoxicity against P-388 cells, showing that compound 3 was the most active with IC $_{50}$  0.68 µg/mL and compound 1 showed moderate activity with IC $_{50}$  5.80 µg/mL.



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#### KEYWORDS

Airlanggins A and B; isoprenylated benzofuran-3-one; Calophyllum soulattri; P-388 cell

#### 1. Introduction

Calophyllum soulattri locally known 'bintangor' belongs to the Clusiaceae family. Calophyllum is widely distributed 43 Asia, Australia, Africa and Polynesia. In Indonesia, the aqueous decoction of stem bark or leaves of this plant has been used to treat inflammation and rheumatism (Heyne 1987) (Figure 1). The Calophyllum genus has been known to produce a variety of

Figure 1. Compounds 1-4 isolated from the stem bark of Calophyllum soulatri.

xanthones (Mah et al. 2015; Daud et al. 2016), coumarins (Zhong et al. 2010; Daud et al. 2014) and chromanone acids (Lim et al. 2015). In continuation of a phytochemical investigation of Calophyllum plants in Indonesia, we wish to report the isolation and structural elucidation of two isoprenylated benzofuran 3-ones, airlanggin A (1) and B (2) from the stem bark of C. soulattri. Compounds 1 and 2 are the first example of natural products from C. soulattri apart from the previously reported xanthones (Mah et al. 2015). The cytotoxic properties against murine leukaemia P-388 of isolated compounds from this plant are also reported.

#### 2. Result and discussion

Phytochemical study on the ethyl acetate extract from the stem bark of C. soulattri yielded two new isoprenylated benzofuran 3-ones, namely airlanggin A (1), airlanggin B (2) and two xanthones, namely ananixanthone (3) (Daud et al. 2016) and trapezifolixanthone (4) (Mah et al. 2015).

Airlangg [a] (1) was isolated as a yellow solid,  $[a]_D^{20+}11.6$  (c 0.10 MeOH), showed a quasimolecular ion  $[M + H]^+$  at m/z 419.2070 corresponding to the molecular formula  $C_{23}H_{30}O_7$ . The UV maximum absorption at  $\lambda_{\text{max}}$  218 (4.43), 261 (4.28) and 301 (4.00) nm possesses dihydrobenzofuran and benzofuran-3-one chrone (Wang et al. 2017). The IR spectrum of 1 indicated absorptions for hydroxyl (3421 cm<sup>-1</sup>), conjugated carbonyl (1668 cm<sup>-1</sup>) and aromatic (1585 and 1419 cm<sup>-1</sup>) groups, respectively.

The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 1 showed a singlet proton signal of acetal group at  $\delta_{\rm u}$  6.02 (H-2) typical of pentasubstitued benzofuran-3-one (Jiang et al. 2008). The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of 1 showed a chelated hydroxy 34  $\delta_{\rm H}$  12.87 (4-OH), and a 2-(1-hydroxy-1-methylethyl) dihyd 10furan group at  $\delta_H$  4.76 (1H, t, J = 8.8 Hz, H-2'), 3.20 (1H, dd, J = 9.6; 15.8 Hz, H-1a'), 3.10 (1H, dd, J = 7.8; 15.8 Hz, H-1b'), 1.33 (3H, s, H-4') and 1.2 133 H, s, H-5'). In addition, compound 1 shd 50 d a 3-methyl-2-butenyl proton signals at  $\delta_H$  5.20 (1H, t, J = 7.1 Hz, H-2"), 3.37 (2H, d,  $J = 7.2 \, \text{H} \, \frac{12}{12} \, \text{H} \cdot 1^{"}$ ), 1.68 (3H, s, H-4"), 1.78 (7H, s, H-5"), a 2-methyl-1-butanoyl p 11 ton signals at  $\delta_{\rm H}$  2.60 (1H, m, H-2"), 1.63 (2H, m, H-3"), 1.29 (3H, d, J=6.9 Hz, H-5") and 0.93 (3H, t, J=7.4 Hz, H-4").

The 13C NMR spectrum of 1 showed 23 carbon signals and their assignments were determined by HMQC and HMBC spectra. One carbonyl carbon signal a 183.3 and three signals of oxyaryl carbons at  $\delta_c$  154.7, 163  $\overline{49}$  55.5, are characteristic for  $\overline{C}$ -3, C-4, C-6 and C-7a of a benzofuran-3-one structure. The <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectrum of 1 showed signals of a benzofuran-3-one nucleus ( $\delta_c$  183.3, 163.8, 155.5, 154.7, 108.2, 107.0, 105.9, 102.1), a 3-methyl-2butenyl chain ( $\delta_c$  132.1, 121.9, 25.8, 22.2, 18.0), a 2-(1-hydroxy-1-methylethyl) dihydrofuran  $(\delta_{\rm C}$  91.3, 72.1, 27.2, 25.7, 23.9) and a 2-methyl-1-butanoyl chain  $(\delta_{\rm C}$  173.3, 40.6, 27.7, 18.1, 11.7).

The placement of 2-(1-hydroxy-1-methylethyl) dihydrofuran, 3-methyl-2-butenyl, 2-methyl-1-butanoyl and hydroxyl groups in benzofuran-3-one skeleton was established by HMQC and HMBC spectra. Long-range correlation was observed in dihydrofuran HMBC spectrum of **1** between the proton signal of acetal group at  $\delta_{\rm H}$  6.02 (H-2) with two carbonyl [ $\delta_{\rm C}$  183.3 (C-3), 173.3 (C-1")], and a quarternary carbons [ $\delta_c$  105.9 (C-3a)] showed ester group attached at C-2 from be profuran-3-one structure. A chelated hydroxyl profusal profusal profusal fraction at  $\delta_{\rm H}$  12.87 correlated to C-3a ( $\delta_c$  105.9), C-4 ( $\delta_c$  154.7) and C-5 ( $\delta_c$  108.2) showing that a hydroxyl group was placed at C-4. Furthermore, two proton signals of methylene ( $\delta_{\rm H}$  3.20 and 3.10) has correlation with a quaternary carbon at  $\delta_{\rm C}$ , 108.2 (C-5), a methine carbon at  $\delta_{\rm C}$  91.3 (C-2') and two oxyaryl carbons [ $\delta_c$  154.7 (C-4), 163.8 (25)] which showed that 2-(1-hydroxy-1-methylethyl) dihydrofuran group fused ring at C-5 and C-6. The proton signal of methylene at  $\delta_{\mu}$  3.37 (H-1") from isoprenyl (3-methyl-2-butenyl) group showed long-range correlations with two oxyaryl carbons [ $\delta_c$  163.8 (C-6), 155.5 (C-7a)], two quaternary carbons [ $\delta_c$  102.1 (C-7), 132.1 (C-3")] and a methine carbon at  $\delta_{\rm C}$  121.9 (C-2") revealed that (3-methyl-2-butenyl) group attached at C-7. The presence of long-range correlations between the proton signal of a methine ( $\delta_{
m H}$ 2.60) was correlated to a methine carbon at  $\delta_{\rm C}$  107.0 (C-2), a methylene at  $\delta_{\rm C}$  27.7 (C-3"), a carbonyl (ester) at  $\delta_c$  173.3 (C-1") and two method carbons [ $\delta_c$  18.1 (C-5"), 11.7 (C-4")] reinforces the position of 2-methyl-1-buta at C-2. Therefore, compound 1 was identified as 27 ydroxy-6-(2-hydroxypropan-2-yl)-8-(3-methylbut-2-en-1-yl)-3-oxo-2,3,5,6-tetrahydrobenzo[1,2-b:5,4-b']difuran-2-yl 2-methyl-butanoate and given the trivial name airlanggin A. The stereochemistry of the proton at C-2 in 1 was not determined.

Airlanggin B (2) was isolated as a  $\sqrt[4]{0}$ e solid,  $\left[\alpha\right]_{D}^{20+5.6}$  (c 0.31 MeOH), has molecular formula of  $C_{23}H_{30}O_6$  deduced from the  $[M + H]^+$  ion at m/z 403.2121. The UV spectrum  $\frac{11}{100}$ 218, 262 and 302 nm) and IR spectrum (3201,1651,1581 and 1502 cm<sup>-1</sup>) absorptions were very simplar to those of 1.

The TH and 13C NMR of 2 had very similar to those of 1. However, the major difference in the <sup>1</sup>H a 16 <sup>13</sup>C NMR signals of 2 shov 39 the isoprenyl (3-methyl-2-butenyl) group was attached at C-5 and hydro13 at C-6. The 1H NMR spectrur 7 of 2 showed a 3-methyl-2-butenyl proton signals at  $\delta_{H}$  5.24 (1H, t, J = 7.2 Hz, H-2'), 3.43 (2H, d, J = 6.5 Hz, H-1'), 1.83 (3H, s, H-4'), 1.76 (3H, s, H-5') at C-5 and a hydroxyl group 6-OH) at  $\delta_{\rm H}$  6.30. The placement of isoprenyl (3-methyl-2-butenyl) group was confirmed by HMBC spectrum. The presence of proton signal of methylene from 3-methyl-2-butenyl group at  $\delta_{\rm H}$  3.43 (H-1') has correlation with two oxyaryl carbons [ $\delta_c$  159.3 (C-6), 153.6 (C-7a)], two quaternary carbons [ $\delta_c$  109.8 (C-5), 135.6 (C-3')] and a methine carbon at  $\delta_c$  121.5 (C-2') showed that isoprenyl (3-methyl-2-butenyl) group attached at C-5. Furthermore, the placement of isoprenyl (3-methyl-2-butenyl) at C-5 was reinforced by the correlation between proton signal of hydroxyl group at  $\delta_{\rm H}$  6.30 (6-OH) with a hydroxyl carbon at  $\delta_c$  159.3 (C-6) and two quaternary carbons [ $\delta_c$  109.8 (C-5), 105.5 (C-7)]. From the above spectral evidence, the structure of airlanggin B was assigned as 2. The stereochemistry of the proton at C-2 in 2 was not determined.

Airlanggins A (1) and B (2) are the first reported naturally occurring isoprenylated benzofuran 3-one. Plausible biosynthetic pathways of 1 and 2 are proposed from acylphloroglucinol as precursor. The oxidation reaction of acylphloroglucinol to produce 2-hydroxy-benzofuran-3-one. According to this pathway, 2-hydroxy-benzofuran-3-one by selective reaction of isoppnylation, cyclization and esterification to produce 1 and 2.

The cytotoxic activity of compounds 1-4 was evaluated for their cytotoxicity by MTT assay against murine leukaemia P-388. These compounds exhibited IC<sub>50</sub> values of 5.80  $\pm$  0.12,  $37.08 \pm 0.90, 0.68 \pm 0.01$  and  $5.14 \pm 0.23~\mu g/mL$ , respectively. The structure–activity anticancer relationship against murine leukaemia P388 between the isoprenylated benzofuran-3-one and isoprenylated xanthone compounds is discussed according to the class of compounds.

Those cytotoxic data for isoprenylated benzofuran-3-one suggested that compound 1 have moderate activity and compound 2 was inactive. The cyclization between hydroxyl (6-OH) with isoprenyl (3-methyl-2-butenyl) to be 2-(1-hydroxy-1-176 hylethyl) dihydrofuran group of 1 enhances activity than isoprenyl (3-methyl-2-butenyl) at C-5 and hydroxyl at C-6 of 2. For isoprenylated xanthone, compound 3 has high activity and compound 4 showed moderate activity. Compounds and 4 are isomers which difference the placement of isoprenyl and pirano groups in C-2 and C-3. The placement of isoprenyl at C-2 and pirano at C-3 of 3 enhances activity.

## 3. Experimental

#### 3.1. General

NMR spectra value measured on a JEOL JNM-ECA 400 MHz FTNMR spectrophotometer (Tokyo, Japan) in CDCI<sub>3</sub> with TMS as the interress tandard. Mass spectra were measured on an ESI-TOF Waters LCT pemier XE producing pseudo-molecular ions, [M + H]+ positive ion mode (Santa Clara, CA, USA). UV spectra were recorded in MeOH on a Shimadzu series 1800 UV-vis spectrophotometer (Kyoto, Japan). IR spectra were recorded in KBr on a One Perkin sper instrument (Waltham, MA, USA). Column chromatography and radial chromatography re carried out using silica gel 60 and silica gel 60 PF<sub>254</sub> (Merck, Darmstadt, Germany). Optical rotations were determined with a Perkin Elmer Polarimeter Model 341.

### 3.2. Plant material

The stem bark of C. soulattri was collected from the conserved forest of Batam Island, Riau Island, Indonesia on Dec 2015, and was identified by Mr. Ismail Rachman from the Herbarium Bogoriense, Bogor. A voucher specimen (PL 69321) was deposited in Herbarium Bogoriense,

Center of Biological Research and Development, National Institute of Science, Bogor, Indonesia.

#### 3.3. Extraction and isolation

The air-dried stem bark of C. soulattri (2.6 kg) s successively twice (each for 48 h) by maceration in methanol, and then evaporated under reduced pressure to give a dark brown residue (560 g). The extract was redissolved in MeOH-water (2) and partitioned with n-hexane (201 g) and ethyl acetate (73 g) fractions. A part of ethyl acetate fraction (70 g) was subjected to vacuum liquid chromatography over silica gel and elutor with n-hexane-ethyl acetate (from 9:1 to 3:7) to give fractions A-C. Fraction B (5.14 g) was then subjected to column chromatography and eluted with n-hexane-ethyl acetate (from 9:1 to 7:3) to produce subfractions  $B_1$ - $B_2$ . Subfraction  $B_2$  was purified by planar radial chromatography using n-hexane-chloroform (from 9:1 to 7:3) to yielded compound 2 (12 mg) and 4 (20 mg). Fraction C (6.99 g) was refractionated using column chromatography and eluted n-hexane-ethyl acetate (from 9:1 to 3:7) to produce subfractions C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>3</sub>. Subfraction C<sub>3</sub> was purified by planar radial chromater raphy using *n*-hexane-chloroform (from 9:1 to 1:1) to yielded compound **1** (4 mg) and 3 (9 mg).

#### 3.4. Spectral data

Airlanggin A (1): yellow solid, UV/Vis (MeOH)  $\lambda_{max}$  (nm) (log  $\varepsilon$ ): 218 (4.43), 261 (4.28) and 301 (4.00). IR (KBr)  $v_{\text{max}}$  (cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3421, 2970, 2933, 2875, 1668, 1631, 1585, 1419 and 1195. HNMR (400 MHz, C[1],  $\delta_H$  ppm: 6.02 (1H, s, H-2), 12.87 (1H, s, 9-OH), 3.20 (1H, dd, J = 9.6, 15.8 Hz, H-1'a), 3.10 (1H,  $\frac{25}{25}$  = 7.8, 15.8 Hz, H-1'b), 4.76 (1H, t, 8.8 Hz, H-2'), 1.33 (3H, s, H- $\frac{412}{1}$ 1.21 (3H, s, H-5'), 3.37 (2H, d, 7.2 H 37 -1"), 5.20 (1H, t, 7.1 Hz, H-2"), 1.68 (3H, s, H-4"), 1.7 31 3H, s, H-5"), 2.60 (1H, m, H-2"), 1.63 (2H, m, H-3"), 1.63 (3H, t, 7.4 Hz, H-4"), 1.29 (3H, d, 6.9 Hz, H-5'). 13C NM 7 00 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>),  $\delta_c$  ppm: 107.0 (20 , 183.3 (C-3), 105.9 (C-3a),154.7 (C-4), 108.2 (C-5), 163.8 2 -6), 102.1 (C-7), 155.5 (C-7a), 27.2 (C-1'), 91.3 (C-2'), 72.1 (C-3'), 25.7 (C-4'), 23.9 (C-5'), 22.2 (C-1"), 121.9 (C-2"), 132.1 (C-3"), 25.8 (C-4"), 18.0 (C-5"), 173.3 (C-1"), 40.6 (C-2"), 27.7 (C-3'''), 11.7 (C-4'''), 18.1 (C-5'''). HRESIMS: m/z  $[M+H]^+$  calcd. for  $C_{23}H_{31}O_7$  419.2070, found 419.2070.

Airlanggin B (2): white solid, UV/Vis (MeOH)  $\lambda_{max}$  (nm) (log  $\epsilon$ ): 218 (4.47), 262 (4.33) a 302 (3.98). IR (KBr)  $v_{\text{max}}$  (cm<sup>-1</sup>): 3201, 2977, 2922, 2850, 1651, 1610, 1581, 1502 and 1290. H NMR (40 13 Hz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>)  $\delta_{H}$  ppm: 30 2 (1H, s, H-2), 13.04 (1H, s, 4-OH), 6.30 (9H, s, 6-OH), 3.43 (2H, d, 6.5 Hz, H-1'), 5.241 H, t, 7.2 Hz, H-2'), 1.76 (3H, s, H-4'), 1.83 (3H, s, H-5'12 45 (2H, d, 6.2 Hz, H-1"), 5.21 (1H, t, 6.8 Hz, H-2"), 1.72 (3H, s, H-4"), 8 82 (3H, s, H-5"), 2.60 (1H, m, H-2"), 1.62 (2H, m, H27"), 0.93 (3H, t, 7.4 Hz, H-4"), 1.28 (3H, d, 7.0 Hz, H25"). 13C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>),  $\delta_{c}$  ppm: 106.9 (C-2), 183.3 (C-3), 105.0 (C-32), 157.1 (C-4), 109.8 (C-5), 159.3 (C-6), 105.5 467), 153.6 (C-7a), 21.9 (C-1'), 121.5 (C-2'), 135.6 (C-3'), 26.0 (C-4'), 18.0 (C-5'/5"/5"'), 21.7 (C-1"), 17. 9 (C-2"), 133.7 (C-3"), 25.9 (C-4"), 173.4 (C-1""), 40.6 (C-2""), 27.7 (C-3""), 11.7 (C-4""). HRESIMS: m/z [M + H]<sup>+</sup> calcd. for  $C_{23}$  8,  $O_{6}$  403.2125, found 403.2121.

Ananixanthone (3): yellow solid. The <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectral data are consistent with publish data (Daud et al. 2016).

Trapezifolixanthone (4): yellow solid. The <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectral data are consistent with publish data (Mah et al. 2015).

#### 3.5. Cytotoxic assay

Cytotoxic properties of the isolated compounds 1-4 against murine leukaemia P-388 cells were evaluated according to the MTT method as previously described (Tanjung et al. 2010, 2012, 2017). Artonin E was used as the positive control.

#### 4. Conclusions

The phytochemical investigation of the stem bark of C. soulattri gave two new isoprenylated benzofuran 3-ones, airlanggin A (1) and B (2) were first time found in natural compounds.

#### Supplementary material

<sup>1</sup>H NMR, <sup>13</sup>C NMR, COSY, HMQC, HMBC, HRESIMS and IR spectra are reported in the supplementary materials as Figures S1-S15 and related to the following articles are available online.

## Disclosure statement

No potential conflict of interest was reported by the authors.

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